

# Glass Guide: Blemishes

# Information for Homeowners

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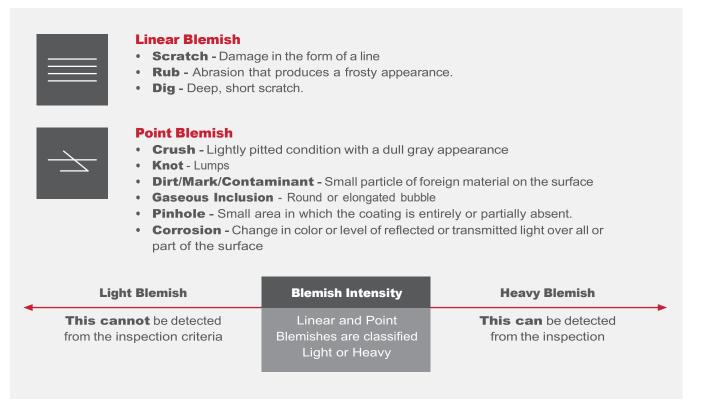
## Glass Guide: Blemishes



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Since glass is derived primarily from sand, blemishes may appear in the finished product. There are two main types of blemishes: linear and point. This document will guide you through how to determine eligibility for replacement in two steps.

### STEP **()** IDENTIFY THE BLEMISH TYPE



## STEP 2 INSPECT GLASS PROPERLY

If you suspect that you have a linear or point blemish, please examine your glass with the industry-wide standards featured below. This ensures that every glass pane is measured consistently.

- Inspect glass with the naked eye in the vertical position.
- View it at a 90-degree angle to the glass.
- Make all inspections during the daytime (without direct sunlight)
- Stand at the distance specified by each blemish type below for the time noted.
- Understand what merits replacement based upon the location of the blemish (review the central area and outer area section below)



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#### **VIEWING DISTANCES AND TIMES FOR BLEMISHES**

Where you stand and how long you review a potential blemish will help you determine if your glass pane is eligible for replacement. Use the charts below to identify the appropriate criteria.

Blemish Type	Viewing Distance (Based on Size of Glass Pane)		Viewing Time (Based on Size of Glass Pane)	
	25 Sq. Feet or Less	Over 25 Sq. Feet	25 Sq. Feet or Less	Over 25 Sq. Feet
Linear	39 inches Away	39 inches Away	10 Seconds	20 Seconds
Point	10 feet Away	10 feet Away	10 Seconds	20 Seconds

*How to use this table:* If you are examining a potential linear blemish on a glass pane that is 25 square feet or less, you must stand 39 inches away from the pane and view it for 10 seconds. It is rejectable if a scratch is over 2" long in the inner portion of the glass or 3" in the outer portion.

#### LOCATIONS OF BLEMISHES (CENTRAL AREA AND OUTER AREA)

Blemishes are eligible for replacement based on their location on the glass pane. Before you examine your glass, it is essential to understand the two viewing areas for each pane/unit: the central and outer areas. The central area is considered the section in the middle of the glass, and the outer area represents the remaining portion along the perimeter of the glass.

Based on the standards to the right, please refer to the charts below to determine eligibility for replacement. Up to 6 sq ft – 2" border 6 - 35 sq ft – 4" border 35 - 50 sq ft – 6" border Over 50 sq ft – 8" border



Central Viewing Area

Outer 20% Viewing Area

#### **Linear Blemish**

Viewing Area	Blemish Intensity	Replacement Eligibility	
Outer	Any	Any occurrence that is 3" or greater is eligible for replacement.	
Central	Any	Any occurrence that is 2" or greater is eligible for replacement.	
How to use this to eligible for replacer	0	ccurs in the outer area of the pane that is 3" or greater, your glass will be	

#### **Point Blemish**

Size of Glass Pane	Blemish Intensity		Replacement Eligibility	
	Outer Area	<b>Central Area</b>	Outer Area	Inner Area
See table above	3/32 inch or more	1/16 inch or more	Any pane with two point blemishes within a 3" area or no more than five in a 12" area larger than 3/32 inch is eligible for replacement.	Any pane with two point blemishes within a 3" area or no more than five in a 12" area larger than 1/16 inch is eligible for replacement.
<i>How to use this tal</i> blemishes within a 3		'	n in the outer area, it will be eligible f	or replacement if there are two